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A SYSTEMATIC REVIEW OF THE CHARACTER OF TOLERANCE IN PHYSICS LEARNING

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Abstract:

This research is the first to systematically review the concept of tolerance character in the context of physics learning. The research explores the definition, measurement, and development of tolerance character among high school students through physics learning. The method used in this research is the literature review method. Sampling in this study was carried out by looking for several scientific articles from previous research on the character of tolerance found on Google Scholar, which were then examined and conclusions drawn. Results of the analysis of articles regarding the character of tolerance in learning physics in high school found that the character of tolerance is a character that needs to be instilled in students at the high school education level through learning physics. The research also identified the benefits, challenges, and strategies of fostering tolerance in physics learning, such as enhancing students' critical thinking, communication, and collaboration skills, overcoming misconceptions and stereotypes, and using inquiry-based, problem-based, and cooperative learning methods. This character of tolerance can be taught and applied in education through learning, one of which is learning physics. The novelty of this research is that it provides a comprehensive and systematic overview of the existing literature on the concept of tolerance character in the context of physics learning. The research also contributes to the literature on physics education and character education by highlighting the role of physics learning in enhancing the tolerance character of high school students.

Keywords: Physics Learning, Senior High School, Tolerance Character

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INTRODUCTION

Physics is one of the science subjects taught at the high school level, which teaches students about natural phenomena that occur in everyday life and can also be explained mathematically. Physics

is a branch of natural science that studies natural phenomena (Suari, 2017; MaurerC., & Gellera, 2020; Irawati & Ningsi, 2022). This is in line with the opinion of Winarti et al. (2021); Dinata and Yuliani (2022), and Mulyati et al. (2023), namely, Learning Physics is that convey concepts that are translated through mathematical equations; these mathematical equations have the function of explaining symptoms nature studied in physics. Another opinion states that learning physics is learning that applies everyday life to the principles of physics (Joshua et al., 2019; Brookes et al., 2020; Widjaja, 2021; Delie et al., 2023). Based on this opinion, learning physics is learning that provides knowledge about natural phenomena that can be explained mathematically in the form of calculations. Even so, in carrying out physics learning as a country that upholds ethics, students must have good character in each subject's learning process. Character education is not only applied to subjects of Religious and Citizenship Education but must also be applied to physics subjects.

If character education is not applied to all subjects, including physics lessons, it will impact students' character crisis. Physics must help prepare the next generation of Indonesians with strong character. Character education is a conscious effort that is planned and directed through a learning environment for the growth and development of human potential that has good character and personality, has good morals, and has a positive and constructive effect on nature and society (Sholekah, 2020; Fahdini et al., 2021; Marpuah, 2022; Budiarti et al., 2022). Character education is considered to have a role as a printer for the morals of the Indonesian nation through education. A moral attitude asks the world of education to formulate the concept of character education in the form of several character values that will be taught to students (Fadilah et al., 2021; Ernawati et al., 2022; Nugraheni et al., 2022; McGrath et al., 2022). Planting character education values such as being religious, honest, tolerant, disciplined, hardworking, smart working, creative, independent, democratic, curiosity, national spirit, love of the motherland, appreciating achievement, friendly or communicative, love peace, love to read, social care, environmental care, and responsibility are ways to build a dignified nation, and this requires a habituation process from early childhood to adulthood (Baginda, 2018; Fahroji, 2020; Ningsi & Somantri, 2021; Vertelyte, & Staunæs, 2021) The purpose of instilling character education is to develop a person's ability to weigh and decide something good or bad, maintain and realize the goodness in everyday life consciously and wholeheartedly.

Instilling character values is very much needed in education, which must be carried out continuously and continuously or habituation in learning to attach character building to students (Rahmawati & Harmanto, 2020; Ningsih, 2022; Zulela et al., 2022). In the world of education, adolescent deviant behavior that shows moral decadence is demonstrated by the large number of them involved in drugs, promiscuity, brawls, and thuggery. It is necessary to develop the character of tolerance, which is even more enhanced to overcome all problems and prevent all causes of conflict and even problems caused by intolerance. Tolerance is an attitude and action that respects differences in religion, ethnicity, opinions, attitudes, and actions of others who are different from oneself (Pitaloka et al., 2021; Metcalfe, & Moulin-Stożek, 2021; Saputri, 2022). The character of tolerance is an important character that must be formed in every individual who lives in Indonesia because when someone has a character of tolerance for harmony above differences, it can be appropriately formed so that Indonesia becomes a developed and prosperous country (Komariah, 2020; Widiatmaka & Purwoko, 2021; Jordan, 2022; Wirayuda et al., 2022). For this reason, it is instilled in students to have the character of tolerance in their lives to live in society.

RESEARCH METHOD

The method used in this research is the literature review method. The literature review is a technique for proving or approaching certain problems, or it can be said that literature review is a scientific process that produces output in the form of reports intended to conduct scientific research or focus on a study (Jufri & Srimadona, 2022; Yulianti et al., 2022: Castro, 2023). In simple terms, a literature review is an activity that focuses on a specific topic of interest for critical analysis of the contents of the text being studied (Wahyuni, 2022; Kamid et al., 2022; Mahlida et al, 2022). A literature review generally aims to describe the purpose of the review, suggest how the article should be evaluated, and identify common errors in the article (Purwanto et al., 2020; Afriyanty & Yolviansyah, 2021; Astalini et al., 2022).

Sampling in this study was carried out by looking for several scientific articles from previous research on the character of tolerance found on Google Scholar, which were then examined and conclusions drawn. This article discusses the character of tolerance in learning physics. There are 14 articles reviewed by researchers that focus on the topics studied. The steps in conducting a literature review in this study are as follows: 1) Define keywords as primary search; 2) Search for literature on Google Scholar with the keyword "Character of Tolerance in Learning Physics"; 3) Then select articles related to keywords with high school research subjects; 4) Then the articles obtained are reviewed by reading and noting the name of the journal, research title, author and year of publication, as well as the research findings obtained.

The analysis technique is carried out using a synthesis matrix. The synthesis matrix is a table/diagram that allows researchers to group and classify arguments from several articles and combine different elements to get an overall impression/conclusion of the whole article (Murniati et al., 2018; Aldila & Mundarti, 2023). In this study, the researcher made a table of the journal's name, author (year), title, and findings.

Data is selected through identification, screening, eligibility, and inclusion. The study discovery process followed PRISMA rules, as presented in Figure 1.

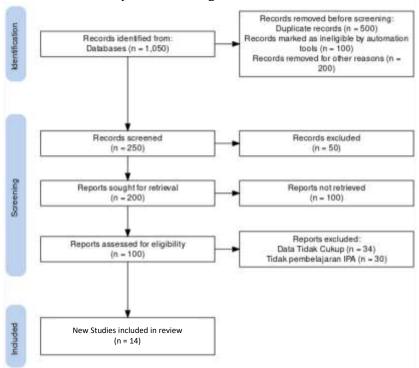


Figure 1. Literature Review Flowchart

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

The Reviews of scientific articles are based on the topics studied related to tolerance in physics learning in high school. The results of a review of articles regarding this research are in Table 1.

Table 1. Results of article analysis regarding the character of tolerance in physics learning in high

		SCHOOL	
Journal Name	Author and Year Rise	Title	Findings
Radiation	Anggraheni et	Development	Response participants educated on the
	al., (2015)	Instrument Evaluation	learning process with the use of
		Authentic for Measure	authentic evaluation got a score of
		Social Attitude of	85.8%. Thus the Assessment Sheet
		Participants Class X	Authentic for Measure Social Attitude
			of Participants Educate one of them

Journal Name	Author and Year Rise	Title	Findings
		High School Students in Learning Physics	character tolerance for students in high school class X in Physics Subject worthy used as instrument evaluation in learning physics.
Journal Learning Physics	Wahyuningsih et al., (2016)	Development Instrument Self- Assessment Web Based for Evaluate Attitude Science in Learning Physics at SMA	Based on the results analysis of the data obtained so can be concluded that: based on the results of self-assessment, 61.90% of students' own attitudes are scientific with category well and 28.10% of students' very good category. Most students feel Good about behaving tolerance and less about behaving by being honest and trusting themselves.
Proceedings of the 2016 MIPA National Seminar (Undiksha)	Santayasa, (2016)	Exploration of Character Values, Social Attitudes, and Spiritual Attitudes on Concepts and Principles Physics	Research results show that values education character, attitude social, and spiritual attitudes are sourced from religion, Pancasila, culture, and goals education nationally explored on concepts and principles units, vectors, inertia, motion, friction, magnetism, elasticity, electricity, and atoms.
ATLANTIS PRESS International Conference on Educational Research and Innovation (ICERI 2019)	Evelin & Utami, (2020)	Effectiveness of Interactive Physics Mobile Learning Media with Scaffolding Approach to Improve Students' Tolerance and Students' Self- Regulated Learning	Research results show enhancement in tolerance students and self-regulated learning; the acquisition score of tolerance students in the class experiment of 0.19 proves this. The value is higher than the gain score in the class control, which is only 0.08
Journal Physics: Conference Series	Romanvica et al., (2020)	Development of learning media game traditional based crank dor achievement mastery material and attitude tolerance	Attitude tolerance students with the use of learning-based learning media game traditional crank reached, is shown with results analysis sheet observation using IJA of 98% or reached.
Journal Evaluation in Education (JEE)	Afrianty & Yolfiansyah, (2020)	Analysis Influence Attitude Tolerance Against Learning Outcomes Student Physics in Class XII IPA SMA Negeri 2 Jambi City	Result of study This is based on the hypothesis test performed using the correlation test, which showed that attitude tolerance students to results Study physics XII IPA at SMA Negeri 2 Jambi City has a very significant effect, meaning There is a connection between attitude tolerance to results Study physics.
Journal Study Educational Sciences	Sari, (2020)	Analysis attitude tolerance learn science	Using variable class VII F, as many as 30 respondents obtained the highest score, 96, and the lowest score, 56, with

Journal Name	Author and Year Rise	Title	Findings
		students school medium First	an average (mean) of 84.16. Students' attitudes and tolerance during the science learning process in class prove that students can value the differences between every individual.
Journal of Education Research University	Darmaji et al., (2020)	Investigation Psychology Student: Relations between Attitude, Persistence, Creativity, and Tolerance Against Science Subjects	Then, attitude students to persistence, creativity, and tolerance in the eye Science lessons at Jambi City Middle School have a positive relationship with category strong. Likewise, the attitude students to persistence, creativity, and tolerance in the eye science lessons at SMP Batanghari Regency has a positive relationship with category-strong
JINOTEP (Journal Innovation and Technology Learner)	Gustiawan, (2021)	Use Peer Tutor Method for Increase Enthusiastic Student Smk In Study Physics	Research results show there is enhancement liveliness in the average attitude students have on the learning process, material, the way the teacher conveys material, understanding, and evaluation of learning physics. With these, students have a high tolerance for the existence of peer tutors and also a sense of mutual help.
JKO (Journal Creative Online)	Ni,mah et al., (2022)	Analysis Character Tolerance in Learning Temperature and Heat based Culture Local Ruwatan Dreadlocks _	The study shows that several characters may improve tolerance through learning temperature and heat with based culture local maintenance dreadlocks ie, the characters value differences, peace, awareness, and love of culture alone.
PHYDAGOGI C (Journal Physics and Learning)	Rifyal et al., (2022)	Character Education Integration In Learning Physics: Optical Instruments Material	Every teacher should be capable of choosing the right learning model for the participants to reach objective learning. Besides that, integration strengthening education character must apply to each eye lesson in each institution, especially in learning physics.
Integrated Science Education Journal (ISEJ)	Putri, Pisnaji, and Ramadhani, (2022)	identify Characteristics Attitude Tolerance To Student Class X at SMAN 7 Batang Hari	Student class X at SMA N 7 Batang Hari has a character attitude and very good tolerance. With so, can said that education character about attitude tolerance has Already been instilled in SMA N 7 Batang Hari. In education, attitude tolerance is very important to students, for form character, students become more well and more honored of existing differences.

Journal Name	Author and Year Rise	Title	Findings
Journal Scientific Elementary School	Asrial et al., (2022)	Deep Digital E- Assessment Technology Evaluate Character Tolerance Student	Evaluation of character tolerance students is in the category of good, and there is a difference from character tolerance students in 3 schools. The result of validation media experts on development evaluation web-based is in the category Good so that the product can used for evaluating character tolerance among students.
Pensa E- Journal: Science Education	Rachmawati & Subekti, (2022)	Enhancement Ability Think Critical and Development Attitude Tolerance with Using a Cybergogy Strategy	Study This shows there is an enhanced ability attitude tolerance students obtain very tolerant category. The results of the study. This cybergy strategy can increase students' ability to think critically and develop attitude tolerance.

Based on Table 1, namely the results of the analysis of articles regarding the character of tolerance in learning physics in high school, it was found that the character of tolerance is a character that needs to be instilled in students at the high school education level through learning physics. Based on the review of the articles conducted, various efforts were made to improve and strengthen the tolerance character of students, both by using multiple learning media and learning models or strategies as well as through learning materials or topics. By having the character of tolerance, students will have mutual respect for differences and help each other (Razak, 2020; Dewi et al., 2021; Kamid et al., 2022; Alhazmi, 2023). The importance of forming a character of tolerance by accepting differences and changing the paradigm of uniformity into diversity by acknowledging the rights of others, respecting and appreciating other cultures and religions that exist within the community (Anang & Zuhroh, 2019; Dewi et al., 2022; Moosavi, 2022; Doblon, 2023; Metcalfe et al., 2023). Instilling the value of tolerance from an early age, since school age, is expected to make the next generation of the Indonesian nation into human beings who have an attitude of tolerance so that divisions do not occur due to differences in society, considering that Indonesia is a country with a great diversity of ethnicities, languages, religions. That way, teaching tolerance in every subject, such as physics, is very good.

The importance of character education is that through good character education, the younger generation is expected to develop into strong, intelligent, and good Indonesian people (Putri et al., 2018; Hardiyanti et al., 2018; Putri & Simbolon, 2022). Even though some teachers or other people think that physics learning should focus on teaching physics materials and character education is not an obligation for physics teachers to teach it, that is a wrong assumption. To improve the character of this nation, all parties can be involved, including education through teachers and students.

The novelty of this research is to analyze how tolerance can be applied in learning physics to improve students' character by conducting a literature review, where no research has been conducted regarding the character of tolerance in learning physics in high school. So that this research can be known more deeply, completely, briefly, and based on a literature study of existing previous articles. It provides a comprehensive and systematic overview of the existing literature on the concept of tolerance character in the context of physics learning. The study also identifies the benefits, challenges, and strategies of fostering tolerance in physics learning, such as enhancing students' critical thinking, communication, and collaboration skills, overcoming misconceptions and stereotypes, and using inquiry-based, problem-based, and cooperative learning methods. The study contributes to the literature on physics education and character education by highlighting the role of physics learning in enhancing the tolerance character of high school students. The limitation of this study is that it only relies on secondary data from previous studies, and it does not measure the actual impact of physics learning on the tolerance character of students. Future research may conduct empirical studies to test the effectiveness and feasibility of physics learning in developing the tolerance character of students.

This research is essential because it can direct further research by identifying relevant reference sources that can be used. The implications of this research are that it can provide information for readers or researchers who wish to research the importance of the character of tolerance for students which can be improved in learning physics. With this research, it is hoped that future researchers will be able to collect and analyze relevant and systematic articles. The novelty of this research is that it can provide an overview of the tolerance character of students, which can be improved in learning physics through methods, media, or physics subject matter.

CONCLUSION

Based on the results and discussion above, character education is something that must be implemented as early as possible both through the community environment and the school environment. One of the characters that needs to be instilled and improved is the character of tolerance. By instilling the character of tolerance, it is hoped that this nation's generation can respect each other's differences in culture, religion, ethnicity, and language which are very diverse in Indonesia. This character of tolerance can be taught and applied in the field of education through learning, one of which is learning physics.

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